

Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2017, Meguiar's, Inc. All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing Meguiar's, Inc. products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from Meguiar's, Inc., and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document Group:
 29-4924-6
 Version Number:
 1.02

 Revision Date:
 30/03/2017
 Supercedes Date:
 31/03/2016

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (1907/2006) and its modifications

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

G21, Convertible and Cabriolet Weatherproofer (S8135002F): G2112

Product Identification Numbers

14-1000-0647-8

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ADDRESS: GR_GCSL - Local CUNO Address
Telephone: GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Telephone
E Mail: GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Email
Website: GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Website

1.4. Emergency telephone number

GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Emergency Telephone

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

CLASSIFICATION:

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229 Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Single Exposure, Category 3 - STOT SE 3; H336 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Acute), Category 1 - Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 1 - Aquatic Chronic 1; H410

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

,

SIGNAL WORD

Danger

Symbols:

GHS02 (Flame) |GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |GHS09 (Environment) |

Pictograms







Ingredients:

Ingredient C.A.S. No. % by Wt Heptane 142-82-5 40 - 70

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention:

G21, Convertible and Cabriolet Wea	therproofer (S8135002F): G2112
P210A P211 P251	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Diamogalı	
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.
6% of the mixture consists of comp	onents of unknown acute oral toxicity.
Contains 69% of components with u	unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.
Notes on labelling: H304 is not required on the label be Nota P applied to CAS 64742-89-8.	
2.3. Other hazards	

None known

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	% by Wt	Classification
Heptane	142-82-5	205-563-8	NO.	40 - 70	**Flam. Liq. 2**, H225; **Asp. Tox. 1**, H304; **Skin Irrit. 2**, H315; **STOT SE 3**, H336; **Aquatic Acute 1**, H400,M=1; **Aquatic Chronic 1**, H410,M=1 - Nota C
Butane	106-97-8	203-448-7	01- 2119474691- 32	10 - 30	**Flam. Gas 1**, H220; **Liquefied gas**, H280 - Nota C,U
Propane	74-98-6	200-827-9		7 - 13	**Flam. Gas 1**, H220; **Liquefied gas**, H280 - Nota U
Acetone	67-64-1	200-662-2		5 - 10	**Flam. Liq. 2**, H225; **Eye Irrit. 2**, H319; **STOT SE 3**, H336; **EUH066**, EUH066
Octane isomers	601-009- 00-8			3 - 7	**Flam. Liq. 2**, H225; **Asp. Tox. 1**, H304; **Skin Irrit. 2**, H315; **STOT SE 3**, H336; **Aquatic Acute 1**, H400,M=1; **Aquatic Chronic 1**, H410,M=1
Methylcyclohexane	108-87-2	203-624-3		1 - 5	**Flam. Liq. 2**, H225; **Asp. Tox. 1**, H304; **Skin Irrit. 2**, H315; **STOT SE 3**, H336; **Aquatic Chronic 2**, H411
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	64742-89-8	265-192-2		0.1 - 1	**Asp. Tox. 1**, H304 - Nota P **Aquatic Chronic 2**, H411 **Flam. Liq. 1**, H224; **Skin Irrit. 2**, H315; **STOT SE 3**, H336

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve Contact:

Immediately flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Exposure may increase myocardial irritability. Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs unless absolutely necessary.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

SubstanceConditionHydrocarbonsDuring CombustionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring Combustion

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other

sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Cover spill area with a fire-extinguishing foam. An appropriate aqueous film forming foam (AFFF) is recommended. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with an appropriate solvent selected by a qualified and authorized person. Ventilate the area with fresh air. Read and follow safety precautions on the solvent label and SDS. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from strong bases. Store away from oxidizing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient C.A.S. No. Agency Limit type **Additional Comments** Greece OELs TWA(8 hours):2350 Butane 106-97-8 mg/m3(1000 ppm)108-87-2 Greece OELs Methylcyclohexane TWA(8 hours):2000 mg/m3(500 ppm);STEL(15 minutes):2000 mg/m3(500

Heptane ppm)
Heptane 142-82-5 Greece OELs TWA(

TWA(8 hours):2000 mg/m3(500 ppm);STEL(15

minutes):2000 mg/m3(500

ppm)

Acetone 67-64-1 Greece OELs TWA(8 hours):1780

Greece OELs

74-98-6

mg/m3;STEL(15

minutes):3560 mg/m3

TWA(8 hours):1800

mg/m3(1000 ppm)

Greece OELs: Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, as amended)

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Propane

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Indirect Vented Goggles

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.

Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

MaterialThickness (mm)Breakthrough TimeNitrile RubberNo data availableNo data available

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece supplied-air respirator

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid
Specific Physical Form: Aerosol

Appearance/Odor Clear aerosol liquid with pleasant odor.

Odor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNo Data AvailableBoiling point/boiling rangeNo Data AvailableMelting pointNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableExplosive properties:Not ClassifiedOxidising properties:Not Classified

Flash Point 10 °C [Test Method:Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Autoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data AvailableVapor PressureNo Data AvailableRelative Density0.78 [Ref Std:WATER=1]

Water solubility Negligible

Solubility- non-water No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableEvaporation rateNo Data AvailableVapor DensityNo Data Available

Decomposition temperatureNo Data Available**Viscosity**No Data Available

Density 0.78 g/ml

G21. 0	Convertible and	Cabriolet Weathe	rproofer (S8135002F	(i): G2112
--------	-----------------	------------------	---------------------	------------

9.2. Other information

Data is not available for other physical and chemical parameters.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat

Sparks and/or flames

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids
Strong bases
Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance
None known.

Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:

May be harmful in contact with skin.

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye Contact:

Severe Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include significant redness, swelling, pain, tearing, cloudy appearance of the cornea, and impaired vision.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

Cardiac Sensitization: Signs/symptoms may include irregular heartbeat (arrhythmia), faintness, chest pain, and may be fatal.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapor(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Heptane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
Heptane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 103 mg/l
Heptane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Butane	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 277,000 ppm
Propane	Inhalation- Gas (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 200,000 ppm
Acetone	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,688 mg/kg
Acetone	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 76 mg/l
Acetone	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,800 mg/kg
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Mouse	LC50 26 mg/l
Methylcyclohexane	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 86,700 mg/kg
Methylcyclohexane	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 3,200 mg/kg
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 3,000 mg/kg
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Inhalation- Vapor (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 > 5.2 mg/l
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value	
Heptane	Human	Mild irritant	
Butane	Professio nal judgemen t	No significant irritation	
Propane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation	
Acetone	Mouse	Minimal irritation	
Methylcyclohexane	Rabbit	Minimal irritation	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Rabbit	Irritant	

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Heptane	Professio nal judgemen t	Moderate irritant
Butane	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Propane	Rabbit	Mild irritant

Acetone	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Methylcyclohexane	Rabbit	Mild irritant
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

N. Serm Centriutugementy	I n	77.1
Name	Route	Value
Heptane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Butane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Propane	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Acetone	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Acetone	Not	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
	Specified	animal	
		species	
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects							
Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration		
Acetone	Ingestion	Some positive male reproductive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1,700 mg/kg/day	13 weeks		
Acetone	Inhalation	Some positive developmental data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 5.2 mg/l	during organogenesis		

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Heptane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Heptane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Heptane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Butane	Inhalation	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	NOAEL 5,000 ppm	25 minutes
Butane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Rabbit	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	cardiac sensitization	Causes damage to organs	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Propane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 hours
Acetone	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL Not available	
Acetone	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	NOAEL Not available	poisoning and/or abuse
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL Not available	
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Methylcyclohexane	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name Route Target (Organ(s) Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure
---------------------	----------------	---------	-------------	----------

						Duration	
Heptane	Inhalation	liver nervous system kidney and/or bladder	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 12 mg/l	26 weeks	
Butane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm	90 days	
Butane	Inhalation	blood	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 4,489 ppm		
Acetone	Dermal	eyes			NOAEL Not available	3 weeks	
Acetone	Inhalation	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification Human NOAEL 3 mg/l		6 weeks		
Acetone	Inhalation	immune system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL 1.19 mg/l	6 days	
Acetone	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Guinea pig	NOAEL 119 mg/l	not available	
Acetone	Inhalation	heart liver	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 45 mg/l	8 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 900 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	heart	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL 3,896 mg/kg/day	14 days	
Acetone	Ingestion	eyes	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 3,400 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	muscles	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 2,500 mg/kg	13 weeks	
Acetone	Ingestion	skin bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	All data are negative	Mouse	NOAEL 11,298 mg/kg/day	13 weeks	
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 1.6 mg/l	12 months	
Methylcyclohexane	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	NOAEL 12 mg/l	10 weeks	

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Heptane	Aspiration hazard
Methylcyclohexane	Aspiration hazard
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available

Material	Cas #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test Endpoint	Test Result
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	0.34 mg/l
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	0.33 mg/l
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	2.1 mg/l
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	No obs Effect Conc	0.067 mg/l
Heptane	142-82-5		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Octane isomers	601-009-00-8		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	64742-89-8		Data not available or insufficient for classification			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Butane	106-97-8	Experimental		Photolytic half-	6.3 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Experimental		Photolytic half-	3 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
xane		Photolysis		life (in air)		
Methylcyclohe	108-87-2	Experimental	28 days	Biological	0 % weight	OECD 301D - Closed
xane		Biodegradation		Oxygen		Bottle Test

				Demand		
Heptane	142-82-5	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	4.24 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Heptane	142-82-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	101 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI (I)
Octane isomers	601-009-00-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	64742-89-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	96 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI (I)
Acetone	67-64-1	Estimated Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	80 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	147 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Propane	74-98-6	Experimental Photolysis		Photolytic half- life (in air)	27.5 days (t 1/2)	Other methods

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Butane	106-97-8	Experimental Bioconcentrati on		Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff	2.88	Other methods
Methylcyclohe xane	108-87-2	Experimental BCF-Carp	56 days	Bioaccumulatio n Factor	321	OECD 305E-Bioaccum Fl-thru fis
Heptane	142-82-5	Estimated BCF - Other		Bioaccumulatio n Factor	107	Est: Bioconcentration factor
Octane isomers	601-009-00-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPHATIC	64742-89-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetone	67-64-1	Experimental BCF - Other		Bioaccumulatio n Factor	0.65	Other methods
Propane	74-98-6	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available at this time, contact manufacturer for more details

12.6. Other adverse effects

Material	CAS No.	Ozone Depletion Potential	Global Warming Potential
acetone	67-64-1	0	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

160504* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

200113* Solvents

EU waste code (product container after use)

150104 Metallic packaging

SECTION 14: Transportation information

IATA: UN1950; Aerosols; 2.1

IMDG: UN1950; Aerosols; 2.1; FD, SU ADR: UN1950; Aerosols; 2.1; (E); 5F

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Page: 17 of 19

Global inventory status

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Japan Chemical Substance Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Extremely flammable gas.
Extremely flammable aerosol.
Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.
Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
Pressurized container. may burst if heated.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Causes skin irritation.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Very toxic to aquatic life.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:

Section 01: Product identification numbers information was added.

Section 03: Composition/Information of ingredients table information was added.

Section 03: Composition/Information of ingredients table information was deleted.

Section 09: Flash point information information was modified.

Section 09: Relative density information information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.

Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified. Section 14: Transportation classification information was modified. Section 15: Regulations - Inventories information was modified.
DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.
Meguiar's, Inc. Greece SDSs are available at GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Website