

# **Safety Data Sheet**

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Document Group:32-6368-8Version Number:1.00Revision Date:27/02/2018Supercedes Date:Initial Issue

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (1907/2006) and its modifications

# **SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking**

### 1.1. Product identifier

G166, Car Odor Aerosol (27-61B) - Sweet Summer Breeze (13111302): G16602

14-1001-0645-0 14-1001-1460-3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

# **Identified uses**

Automotive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet ADDRESS:

E Mail:

Website:

1.4. Emergency telephone number

# **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

# **CLASSIFICATION:**

Aerosol, Category 1 - Aerosol 1; H222, H229

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 3 - Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

#### 2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

# SIGNAL WORD

Danger

### **Symbols:**

GHS02 (Flame) |

# **Pictograms**



# **HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention:** 

P210A Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**Storage:** 

P410 + P412Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F.

G166, Car Odor Aerosol (27-61B) - S	Sweet Summer Breeze (13111302): G16602
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international
	regulations.
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATI	ION
<b>Supplemental Hazard Statements</b>	
EUH208	Contains Linalyl Alcohol.   Citral. May produce an allergic reaction.
201200	Contains Emary Produce an anergic reaction.
Contains 72% of components with a	unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.
2.3. Other hazards	

None known

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	EC No.	REACH Registration No.	% by Wt	Classification
Propellant	29118-24-9			50 - 90	Substance not classified as hazardous
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	200-578-6		10 - 30	**Flam. Liq. 2**, H225 **Eye Irrit. 2**, H319
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	204-402-9		1 - 3	**Acute Tox. 4**, H302; **Aquatic Chronic 2**, H411
Fragrance Oils	Trade Secret			0.5 - 1.5	Substance not classified as hazardous
Odor Eliminator	Trade Secret			< 0.5	Substance not classified as hazardous
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	201-134-4		< 0.5	**Skin Sens. 1B**, H317
Lemon Oils	8008-56-8			< 0.5	**Aquatic Acute 1**, H400,M=1; **Aquatic Chronic 1**, H410,M=1
Citral	5392-40-5	226-394-6		< 0.5	**Skin Irrit. 2**, H315; **Skin Sens. 1**, H317 **Aquatic Chronic 3**, H412

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

# Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

#### Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

#### **Eve Contact:**

Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

# If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Use a fire fighting agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

## **Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products**

SubstanceConditionCarbon monoxideDuring CombustionCarbon dioxideDuring CombustionHydrogen FluorideDuring Combustion

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. When fire fighting conditions are severe and total thermal decomposition of the product is possible, wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If possible, seal leaking container. Place leaking containers in a well-ventilated area, preferably an operating exhaust hood, or if necessary outdoors on an impermeable surface until appropriate packaging for the leaking container or its contents is available. Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible using non-sparking tools. Place in a metal container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. Keep out of reach of children. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50C/122F. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

mg/m3(1000 ppm)

IngredientC.A.S. No.AgencyLimit typeAdditional CommentsEthyl Alcohol64-17-5Greece OELsTWA(8 hours):1900

Greece OELs: Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, as amended)

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

# 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Engineering controls

Provide appropriate local exhaust when product is heated. Do not remain in area where available oxygen may be reduced. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

#### 8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended:

Full Face Shield

**Indirect Vented Goggles** 

Applicable norms/standards
Use eye/face protection conforming to EN 166

### Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

MaterialThickness (mm)Breakthrough TimePolymer laminateNo data availableNo data available

Applicable norms/standards Use gloves tested to EN 374

If this product is used in a manner that presents a higher potential for exposure (eg. spraying, high splash potential etc.), then use of protective coveralls may be necessary. Select and use body protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following protective clothing material(s) are recommended: Apron - polymer laminate

# Respiratory protection

Use a positive pressure supplied-air respirator if there is a potential for over exposure from an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or under any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable norms/standards
Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter type A

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical stateLiquidSpecific Physical Form:Aerosol

Appearance/OdorSweet lemon odorOdor thresholdNo Data AvailablepHNot ApplicableBoiling point/boiling range>=-25 °C

Melting pointNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableExplosive properties:Not ClassifiedOxidising properties:Not ClassifiedFlash Point>=14.4 °C

Autoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data AvailableVapor PressureNo Data Available

**Relative Density** 0.815 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]

Water solubility No Data Available

**Solubility- non-water** No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableEvaporation rateNo Data AvailableVapor DensityNo Data Available

Decomposition temperatureNo Data AvailableViscosityNo Data AvailableDensity0.815 g/ml

9.2. Other information

EU Volatile Organic Compounds 811 g/l [Details:(calculated per Directive 2004/42/EC)]

Molecular weight No Data Available

**Percent volatile** 99.5 % weight [Test Method:Estimated]

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks and/or flames Heat

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products Substance

None known.

**Condition** 

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

# 11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

# Inhalation:

Intentional concentration and inhalation may be harmful or fatal.

Simple Asphyxiation: Signs/symptoms may include increased heart rate, rapid respirations, drowsiness, headache, incoordination, altered judgement, nausea, vomiting, lethargy, seizures, coma, and may be fatal.

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

#### **Skin Contact:**

Allergic Skin Reaction (non-photo induced): Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, blistering, and itching.

### **Eye Contact:**

Sprayed material may cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision

# **Ingestion:**

May cause additional health effects (see below).

# **Additional Health Effects:**

### Single exposure may cause target organ effects:

Central Nervous System (CNS) Depression: Signs/symptoms may include headache, dizziness, drowsiness, incoordination, nausea, slowed reaction time, slurred speech, giddiness, and unconsciousness.

### **Additional Information:**

This product contains ethanol. Alcoholic beverages and ethanol in alcoholic beverages have been classified by the International Agency for Research on Cancer as carcinogenic to humans. There are also data associating human consumption of alcoholic beverages with developmental toxicity and liver toxicity. Exposure to ethanol during the foreseeable use of this product is not expected to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, or liver toxicity.

# **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

**Acute Toxicity** 

ricute rometty			
Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Ethyl Alcohol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 15,800 mg/kg
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 124.7 mg/l

	Vapor (4		
	hours)		
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 17,800 mg/kg
Benzyl Benzoate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 4,000 mg/kg
Benzyl Benzoate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 1,894 mg/kg
Fragrance Oils	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Fragrance Oils	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 5.7 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Fragrance Oils	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Linalyl Alcohol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 5,610 mg/kg
Linalyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,790 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

# Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Skiii Corrosion/Irritation		
Name	Species	Value
Ethyl Alcohol	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Fragrance Oils	Rabbit	No significant irritation

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation** 

~		
Name	Species	Value
Ethyl Alcohol	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Fragrance Oils	Rabbit	No significant irritation

# **Skin Sensitization**

Sim Schsitzation		
Name	Species	Value
Ethyl Alcohol	Human	Not classified
,		
Fragrance Oils	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	

# **Respiratory Sensitization**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Germ Cell Mutagenicity		
Name	Route	Value
Ethyl Alcohol	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Ethyl Alcohol	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Fragrance Oils	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Fragrance Oils	In vivo	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Multiple	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		animal	sufficient for classification
		species	

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

**Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects** 

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 38 mg/l	during gestation
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 5,200 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation

# Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human	LOAEL 2.6 mg/l	30 minutes
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	LOAEL 9.4 mg/l	not available
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Multiple animal species	NOAEL not available	
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg	

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rabbit	LOAEL 124 mg/l	365 days
Ethyl Alcohol	Inhalation	hematopoietic system   immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 25 mg/l	14 days
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 8,000 mg/kg/day	4 months
Ethyl Alcohol	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 3,000 mg/kg/day	7 days
Fragrance Oils	Ingestion	liver   heart   endocrine system   hematopoietic system   kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	4 weeks

# **Aspiration Hazard**

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

### 12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available

Material	Cas #	Organism	Type	Exposure	Test Endpoint	Test Result
Propellant	29118-24-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	Rainbow Trout	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	42 mg/l
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	5,012 mg/l
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	Water flea	Experimental	10 days	No obs Effect Conc	9.6 mg/l
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	Algae other	Experimental	96 hours	No obs Effect Conc	1,580 mg/l
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	Rainbow Trout	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	1.4 mg/l
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	Gammarid scud	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	4.8 mg/l
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	0.475 mg/l
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	No obs Effect Conc	0.247 mg/l
Fragrance Oils	Trade Secret	Fathead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	151 mg/l
Fragrance Oils	Trade Secret	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	1,090 mg/l
Fragrance Oils	Trade Secret	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	>1,000 mg/l
Fragrance Oils	Trade Secret	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	No obs Effect Conc	>=1,000 mg/l

Citral	5392-40-5	Ricefish	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	4.1 mg/l
Citral	5392-40-5	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	5 mg/l
Citral	5392-40-5	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	6.8 mg/l
Citral	5392-40-5	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	No obs Effect Conc	1 mg/l
Citral	5392-40-5	Green algae	Experimental	72 hours	No obs Effect Conc	3.1 mg/l
Lemon Oils	8008-56-8	Fathead Minnow	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	0.702 mg/l
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	Rainbow Trout	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Concentration 50%	27.8 mg/l
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	20 mg/l
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	Effect Concentration 50%	>34 mg/l
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	Water flea	Experimental	21 days	No obs Effect Conc	9.5 mg/l
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	Green Algae	Experimental	72 hours	No obs Effect Conc	5.6 mg/l

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Propellant	29118-24-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	Experimental Biodegradation	14 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	89 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301C - MITI (I)
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	94 % weight	OECD 301F - Manometric Respiro
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	Estimated Photolysis		Photolytic half-life (in air)	4.3 days (t 1/2)	Other methods
Fragrance Oils	Trade Secret	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	67 % weight	Other methods
Citral	5392-40-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	>90 % BOD/ThBOD	Other methods
Lemon Oils	8008-56-8	Estimated Biodegradation	14 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	98 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI (I)
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	Biological Oxygen Demand	80 % weight	OECD 301C - MITI (I)

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Material	CAS No.	Test Type	Duration	Study Type	Test Result	Protocol
Propellant	29118-24-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff	-0.35	Other methods
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation Factor	25	Est: Bioconcentration factor
Fragrance Oils	Trade Secret	Experimental Bioconcentration		Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff	0.61	Other methods

Citral	5392-40-5	Experimental	Log of	2.76	Other methods
		Bioconcentration	Octanol/H2O part.		
			coeff		
Lemon Oils	8008-56-8	Estimated	Bioaccumulation	2100	Est: Bioconcentration factor
		Bioconcentration	Factor		
Linalyl Alcohol	78-70-6	Experimental	Log of	2.97	Other methods
-		Bioconcentration	Octanol/H2O part.		
			coeff		

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

### 12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available at this time, contact manufacturer for more details

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Facility must be capable of handling aerosol cans. Combustion products will include HF. Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

### EU waste code (product as sold)

160504\* Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

#### **EU** waste code (product container after use)

150104 Metallic packaging

# **SECTION 14: Transportation information**

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### **Global inventory status**

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. This product complies with Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances. All ingredients are listed on or exempt from on China IECSC inventory.

# 15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

# SECTION 16: Other information

# List of relevant H statements

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H229	Pressurized container. may burst if heated.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Revision information:**

No revision information

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use

C166	Car Odor	Aerosol (27.	.61R) - Sw	eet Summer B	Preeze (1311	1302)- (	316602
TTIOO.	Car Ouor	A CLOSOL (2/	-01D) - 5W	eer Simminer D	DIEEZE (1.711	1.70/2/: (	TIOOUZ

(except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.

Meguiar's, Inc. Greece SDSs are available at

Page: 17 of 17