

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (1907/2006) and its modifications

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

A31, Deep Crystal Polish (21-61A): A3116

Product Identification Numbers

14-1000-9377-3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ADDRESS: GR_GCSL - Local CUNO Address
Telephone: GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Telephone
E Mail: GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Email
Website: GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Website

1.4. Emergency telephone number

GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Emergency Telephone

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

CLASSIFICATION:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Specific Target Organ Toxicity-Repeated Exposure, Category 2 - STOT RE 2; H373

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

Warning

Symbols:

GHS07 (Exclamation mark) | GHS08 (Health Hazard) |

Pictograms





Ingredients:

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | EC No. | % by Wt |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|---------|
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | 265-191-7 | 5 - 15 |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | 8042-47-5 | 232-455-8 | 1 - 10 |

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure: nervous system |

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:

P260A Do not breathe vapors.

Response:

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

| A31, Deep Crystal Polis | h (21-61A): A3116 |
|--|--|
| | |
| Dianogali | |
| Disposal: | |
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| SUPPLEMENTAL IN | NFORMATION |
| Supplemental Hazard | Statements: |
| EUH208 | Contains 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. May produce an allergic reaction. |
| 1% of the mixture cons | ists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity. |
| Contains 12% of comp | onents with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment. |
| | per Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 on Biocidal Products: duct: Contains C(M)IT/MIT (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction. |
| | |
| | |
| Notes on labelling: H304 is not required or Nota P applied to CAS | the label due to the product's viscosity 64742-48-9. |
| | |
| | |
| | |

2.3. Other hazards

None known

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | EC No. | REACH Registration No. | % by Wt | Classification |
|---|------------|-----------|------------------------------|----------|---|
| Non-Hazardous Ingredients | Mixture | | | 50 - 70 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | 296-473-8 | | 5 - 15 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | 265-191-7 | | 5 - 15 | **Asp. Tox. 1**, H304; **STOT RE 1**, H372 **Aquatic Chronic 2**, H411 **Flam. Liq. 3**, H226; **Skin Irrit. 2**, H315 |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | 8042-47-5 | 232-455-8 | | 1 - 10 | **Asp. Tox. 1**, H304 |
| Glycerin | 56-81-5 | 200-289-5 | | 1 - 10 | Substance with a Community level exposure limit in the workplace |
| NJ TSR 540004100000-9915P - PROCESSED CASTOR OIL | | | | 1 - 5 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| Naphthol Spirits | 64742-48-9 | 265-150-3 | | 1 - 5 | **Asp. Tox. 1**, H304 - Nota P **Aquatic Chronic 2**, H411 **Skin Irrit. 2**, H315; **STOT SE 3**, H336 |
| PEG Stearate | 9004-99-3 | | | 0.1 - 1 | **Aquatic Acute 1**, H400,M=1; **Aquatic Chronic 3**, H412 |
| Triethanolamine | 102-71-6 | 203-049-8 | | 0.1 - 1 | Substance not classified as hazardous |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | 55965-84-9 | | | < 0.0015 | **Acute Tox. 3**, H331; **Acute Tox. 3**, H311; **Acute Tox. 3**, H301; **Skin Corr. 1B**, H314; **Skin Sens. 1A**, H317; **Aquatic Acute 1**, H400,M=1; **Aquatic Chronic 1**, H410,M=1 |

Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:

Immediately wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance

Condition

Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide **During Combustion During Combustion**

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

No special protective actions for fire-fighters are anticipated.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dikes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidizing agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.)

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store away from acids. Store away from oxidizing agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

| Ingredient | C.A.S. No. | Agency | Limit type | Additional Comments |
|------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Glycerin | 56-81-5 | Greece OELs | TWA(8 hours):10 mg/m3 | |

Naphthol Spirits 64742-48-9 Manufacturer TWA:100 ppm

determined

Paraffin oil 8042-47-5 Greece OELs TWA(as mist)(8 hours):5

mg/m3

Greece OELs: Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, as amended)

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

| A31, Deep Crystal Polish (| 21-61A): A3116 |
|----------------------------|----------------|
|----------------------------|----------------|

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Eye protection not required.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

MaterialThickness (mm)Breakthrough TimePolymer laminateNo data availableNo data available

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance/OdorSweet light creamOdor thresholdNo Data Available

pH 8.3 Boiling point/boiling range 193.3 °C

Melting pointNo Data AvailableFlammability (solid, gas)Not ApplicableExplosive properties:Not ClassifiedOxidising properties:Not ClassifiedFlash Point200 °C

Autoignition temperatureNo Data AvailableFlammable Limits(LEL)No Data AvailableFlammable Limits(UEL)No Data AvailableVapor PressureNo Data Available

Relative Density 1.01

Water solubility No Data Available

Solubility- non-water No Data Available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNo Data AvailableEvaporation rateNo Data AvailableVapor DensityNo Data Available

Decomposition temperatureNo Data Available**Viscosity**30,000 - 40,000 mPa-s

Density 1.01 g/ml

9.2. Other information

Data is not available for other physical and chemical parameters.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products **Substance**

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, itching, dryness, cracking, blistering, and pain.

Eye Contact:

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

| A31, Deep Crys | al Polish | (21-61A): | A3116 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-------|

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---|----------------------|---------|--|
| Overall product | Ingestion | | No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg |
| Kaolin, calcined | Dermal | | LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg |
| Kaolin, calcined | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation- Vapor | | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Glycerin | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Glycerin | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation- | | LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l |
| | Vapor | | |
| Naphthol Spirits | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg |
| Naphthol Spirits | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg |
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 9,000 mg/kg |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl- | Dermal | Rabbit | LD50 87 mg/kg |
| 3(2H)-isothiazolone. | | | |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl- | Inhalation- | Rat | LC50 0.33 mg/l |
| 3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Dust/Mist | | |
| | (4 hours) | 1 | |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Ingestion | Rat | LD50 40 mg/kg |

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---------|---------------------------|
| | | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Rabbit | Irritant |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Glycerin | Rabbit | No significant irritation |
| Naphthol Spirits | Rabbit | Irritant |
| Triethanolamine | Rabbit | Minimal irritation |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Rabbit | Corrosive |

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

| Serious Lye Dumuge, irritation | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| Name | Species | Value | | | |
| | 1 | | | | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Rabbit | No significant irritation | | | |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Rabbit | Mild irritant | | | |
| Glycerin | Rabbit | No significant irritation | | | |
| Naphthol Spirits | Rabbit | No significant irritation | | | |
| Triethanolamine | Rabbit | Mild irritant | | | |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)- | Rabbit | Corrosive | | | |
| isothiazolone. | | | | | |

Skin Sensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|------------------------|----------------|
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Glycerin | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Naphthol Spirits | Guinea pig | Not classified |
| Triethanolamine | Human | Not classified |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Human and animal | Sensitizing |

Photosensitization

| Name | Species | Value |
|---|---------|-----------------|
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)- | Human | Not sensitizing |
| isothiazolone. | and | |
| | animal | |

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

| Germ Cen Muugementy | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| Name | | Value |
| | | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | In vivo | Not mutagenic |

| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
|---|----------|--|
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Naphthol Spirits | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| Naphthol Spirits | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Triethanolamine | In Vitro | Not mutagenic |
| Triethanolamine | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | In vivo | Not mutagenic |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | In Vitro | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |

Carcinogenicity

| Name | Route | Species | Value |
|---|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | Human and animal | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Inhalation | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Glycerin | Ingestion | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Naphthol Spirits | Dermal | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | Human and animal | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | Multiple animal species | Not carcinogenic |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | Mouse | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Dermal | Mouse | Not carcinogenic |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Ingestion | Rat | Not carcinogenic |

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

| Name | Route | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--|---------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day | during gestation |
| Glycerin | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |

| Glycerin | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
|---|------------|--|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Glycerin | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 2.4 mg/l | during organogenesis |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Mouse | NOAEL 1,125 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Ingestion | Not classified for female reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Ingestion | Not classified for male reproduction | Rat | NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day | 2 generation |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)-isothiazolone. | Ingestion | Not classified for development | Rat | NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day | during organogenesis |

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration |
|--|------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 6.5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgeme nt | NOAEL Not available | |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Human and animal | NOAEL Not available | |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | | NOAEL Not available | |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Dog | NOAEL 6.5 mg/l | 4 hours |
| Naphthol Spirits | Ingestion | central nervous system depression | May cause drowsiness or dizziness | Professio nal judgeme nt | NOAEL Not available | |
| 3(2H)-Isothiazolone, 5- chloro-2-methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl-3(2H)- isothiazolone. | Inhalation | respiratory irritation | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | similar health hazards | NOAEL Not available | |

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

| Specific ranges organ romers, repeated emposare | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|-----------------|----------------|---------|-------------------|----------------------|--|
| Name | Route | Target Organ(s) | Value | Species | Test Result | Exposure Duration | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 4.6 mg/l | 6 months | |

| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 1.9 mg/l | 13 weeks |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 90 days |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 5.6 mg/l | 12 weeks |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 1.3 mg/l | 90 days |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Ingestion | hematopoietic system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Ingestion | liver immune system | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day | 90 days |
| Glycerin | Inhalation | respiratory system heart liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 3.91 mg/l | 14 days |
| Glycerin | Ingestion | endocrine system hematopoietic system liver kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 10,000 mg/kg/day | 2 years |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | nervous system | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 4.6 mg/l | 6 months |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Rat | LOAEL 1.9 mg/l | 13 weeks |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | respiratory system | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 0.6 mg/l | 90 days |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles | Not classified | Rat | NOAEL 5.6 mg/l | 12 weeks |
| Naphthol Spirits | Inhalation | heart | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 1.3 mg/l | 90 days |
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | kidney and/or bladder | Not classified | Multiple animal species | NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg/day | 2 years |
| Triethanolamine | Dermal | liver | Not classified | Mouse | NOAEL 4,000 mg/kg/day | 13 weeks |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | kidney and/or bladder | Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification | Rat | LOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day | 2 years |
| Triethanolamine | Ingestion | liver | Not classified | Guinea pig | NOAEL 1,600 mg/kg/day | 24 weeks |

Aspiration Hazard

| Name | Value | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | Aspiration hazard | | | | | | |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | Aspiration hazard | | | | | | |
| Naphthol Spirits | Aspiration hazard | | | | | | |

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

| A31, | Deep | Crystal | Polish | (21-61A): | A3116 |
|------|------|---------|---------------|-----------|-------|
|------|------|---------|---------------|-----------|-------|

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available

| Material | Cas # | Organism | Type | Exposure | Test Endpoint | Test Result |
|---|------------|-------------|--|----------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| 3(2H)- Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2- methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl- 3(2H)- isothiazolone. | 55965-84-9 | Diatom | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 0.021 mg/l |
| 3(2H)- Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2- methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl- 3(2H)- isothiazolone. | 55965-84-9 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 0.18 mg/l |
| 3(2H)- Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2- methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl- 3(2H)- isothiazolone. | 55965-84-9 | Diatom | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect Conc | 0.01 mg/l |
| Glycerin | 56-81-5 | Golden Orfe | Experimental | 48 hours | Lethal Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |
| Glycerin | 56-81-5 | Water flea | Experimental | 24 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC | 64742-88-7 | | Data not available or | | | |

| SOLVENT | T | T | insufficient for | T | T | T |
|--|------------|-------------------|--|----------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| NAPHTHA | | | classification | | | |
| PEG Stearate | 9004-99-3 | Zebra Fish | Estimated | 96 hours | Lethal Concentration 50% | 0.65 mg/l |
| PEG Stearate | 9004-99-3 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Conc | 0.25 mg/l |
| PEG Stearate | 9004-99-3 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 0.64 mg/l |
| PEG Stearate | 9004-99-3 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 0.72 mg/l |
| Triethanolamin e | 102-71-6 | Water flea | Experimental | 21 days | No obs Effect Conc | 16 mg/l |
| Triethanolamin e | 102-71-6 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 216 mg/l |
| Triethanolamin e | | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | 609.98 mg/l |
| Triethanolamin e | 102-71-6 | Fathead Minnow | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Concentration 50% | 11,800 mg/l |
| Naphthol Spirits | 64742-48-9 | | Data not available or insufficient for classification | | | |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | 4 mg/l |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | No obs Effect Level | 0.48 mg/l |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | Green Algae | Estimated | 72 hours | Effect Level 50% | 8.3 mg/l |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | 1.4 mg/l |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | Rainbow Trout | Estimated | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | 20 mg/l |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | 8042-47-5 | Green algae | Estimated | 72 hours | No obs Effect Level | >100 mg/l |
| WHITE MINERAL | 8042-47-5 | Water flea | Estimated | 48 hours | Effect Level 50% | >100 mg/l |

| OIL (PETROLEUM) | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------|--------------|----------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM | 8042-47-5 | Water flea | Estimated | 21 days | No obs Effect Level | >100 mg/l |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM | 8042-47-5 | Bluegill | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Level 50% | >100 mg/l |
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | Water flea | Experimental | 48 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | Effect Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | Green algae | Experimental | 72 hours | No obs Effect Conc | >100 mg/l |
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | Rainbow Trout | Experimental | 96 hours | Lethal Concentration 50% | >100 mg/l |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

| Material | CAS No. | Test Type | Duration | Study Type | Test Result | Protocol |
|----------------|------------|------------------|----------|----------------|---------------|----------------------|
| MEDIUM | 64742-88-7 | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| ALIPHATIC | | available or | | | | |
| SOLVENT | | insufficient for | | | | |
| NAPHTHA | | classification | | | | |
| 3(2H)- | 55965-84-9 | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Isothiazolone, | | available or | | | | |
| 5-chloro-2- | | insufficient for | | | | |
| methyl-, mixt. | | classification | | | | |
| with 2-methyl- | | | | | | |
| 3(2H)- | | | | | | |
| isothiazolone. | | | | | | |
| PEG Stearate | 9004-99-3 | Estimated | 28 days | Carbon dioxide | 85.3 % weight | OECD 301B - Mod. |
| | | Biodegradation | | evolution | | Sturm or CO2 |
| Kaolin, | 92704-41-1 | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| calcined | | available or | | | | |
| | | insufficient for | | | | |
| | | classification | | | | |
| WHITE | 8042-47-5 | Experimental | 28 days | Carbon dioxide | 0 % weight | OECD 301B - Mod. |
| MINERAL | | Biodegradation | - | evolution | | Sturm or CO2 |
| OIL | | _ | | | | |
| (PETROLEUM | | | | | | |
|) | | | | | | |
| Glycerin | 56-81-5 | Experimental | 14 days | Biological | 63 % weight | OECD 301C - MITI (I) |
| | | Biodegradation | | Oxygen | | |

| | | | | Demand | | |
|----------------|------------|------------------|---------|---------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Triethanolamin | 102-71-6 | Experimental | 19 days | Dissolv. | 96 % weight | OECD 301E - Modified |
| e | | Biodegradation | | Organic | | OECD Scre |
| | | | | Carbon Deplet | | |
| Naphthol | 64742-48-9 | Data not | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Spirits | | available or | | | | |
| | | insufficient for | | | | |
| | | classification | | | | |

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Material | CAS No. | Test Type | Duration | Study Type | Test Result | Protocol |
|---|------------|--|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| Kaolin, calcined | 92704-41-1 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| WHITE MINERAL OIL (PETROLEUM) | 8042-47-5 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| MEDIUM ALIPHATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | 64742-88-7 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 3(2H)- Isothiazolone, 5-chloro-2- methyl-, mixt. with 2-methyl- 3(2H)- isothiazolone. | 55965-84-9 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| PEG Stearate | 9004-99-3 | Estimated Bioconcentrati on | | Bioaccumulatio n Factor | 5.5 | Est: Bioconcentration factor |
| Glycerin | 56-81-5 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | -1.76 | Other methods |
| Triethanolamin e | 102-71-6 | Experimental Bioconcentrati on | | Log of Octanol/H2O part. coeff | -1 | Other methods |
| Naphthol Spirits | 64742-48-9 | Data not available or insufficient for classification | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

No information available at this time, contact manufacturer for more details

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

200113* Solvents

SECTION 14: Transportation information

ADR/IMDG/IATA: Not restricted for transport.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

IngredientC.A.S. No.ClassificationRegulationTriethanolamine102-71-6Gr. 3: Not classifiableInternational Agencyfor Research on Cancer

Global inventory status

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korea Chemical Control Act. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Philippines RA 6969 requirements. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information. The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA. The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

Not applicable

H226

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
|------|--|
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H373 | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| | |

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Revision information:

Section 02: CLP Ingredient table information was modified.

Section 03: Composition/ Information of ingredients table information was added.

Section 03: Composition/Information of ingredients table information was deleted.

Section 09: Relative density information information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Sensitization Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Single Table information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.

Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified.

Section 16: Two-column table displaying the unique list of H Codes and statements (std phrses) for all components of the given material. information was modified.

| A31, Deep Crystal Polish (21-61A): A3116 |
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| DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications. |
| Meguiar's, Inc. Greece SDSs are available at GR_GCSL - Local Meguiar's Website |
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