

Safety Data Sheet

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This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in accordance with the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and its modifications.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

A22, Deep Crystal® System Carnauba Wax (26-65B): A2216

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Automotive.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Address: Meguiars United Kingdom Limited, 3 Lamport Court, Heartlands, Daventry, Northants, NN11 8UF

Telephone: +44 (0)870 241 6696 E Mail: info@meguiars.co.uk Website: www.meguiars.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)870 241 6696

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

CLASSIFICATION:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment (Chronic), Category 3 - Aquatic Chronic 3; H412

For full text of H phrases, see Section 16.

2.2. Label elements

CLP REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

SIGNAL WORD

WARNING.

Symbols:

GHS07 (Exclamation mark) |

Pictograms



HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

General:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Response:

P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international

regulations.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:

Supplemental Hazard Statements:

EUH208 Contains Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-

isothiazolin-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

1% of the mixture consists of components of unknown acute oral toxicity.

Contains 1% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Information required per Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 on Biocidal Products:

Contains a biocidal product: Contains C(M)IT/MIT (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

Notes on labelling

H304 is not required on the label due to the product's viscosity

2.3. Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Nbr		REACH Registration No.	% by Wt	Classification
Water	7732-18-5	231-791-2			Substance not classified as hazardous

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	265-149-8	10 -	15	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	265-150-3	3 - 7	7	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Nota P Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	296-473-8	3 - 7	7	Substance not classified as hazardous
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		920-901-0	3 - 7	7	Asp. Tox. 1, H304; EUH066
Synthetic Hydrocarbon Mixture (NJRTK # 80100348-5009P)	Trade Secret		1 - 3	5	Substance not classified as hazardous
Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me	63148-62-9		1 - 3	5	Substance not classified as hazardous
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9	232-399-4	1 - 3	5	Substance not classified as hazardous
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	232-455-8	1 - 5	5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	236-675-5	< 0.2		Substance with a Community level exposure limit in the workplace
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	911-418-6	< 0.002	2	EUH071; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Skin Corr. 1C, H314; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400,M=100; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410,M=100 - Nota B Acute Tox. 2, H330; Acute Tox. 2, H310

Note: Any entry in the EC# column that begins with the numbers 6, 7, 8, or 9 are a Provisional List Number provided by ECHA pending publication of the official EC Inventory Number for the substance. Please see section 16 for the full text of any H statements referred to in this section

For information on ingredient occupational exposure limits or PBT or vPvB status, see sections 8 and 12 of this SDS

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin contact

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eye contact

Flush eyes with large amounts of water. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If swallowed

Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a carbon dioxide or dry chemical extinguisher to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Closed containers exposed to heat from fire may build pressure and explode.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance
Formaldehyde
Carbon monoxide.
Carbon dioxide.

Irritant vapours or gases.

Condition

During combustion. During combustion. During combustion. During combustion.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Water may not effectively extinguish fire; however, it should be used to keep fire-exposed containers and surfaces cool and prevent explosive rupture. Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapours, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. For larger spills, cover drains and build dykes to prevent entry into sewer systems or bodies of water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain spill. Working from around the edges of the spill inward, cover with bentonite, vermiculite, or commercially available inorganic absorbent material. Mix in sufficient absorbent until it appears dry. Remember, adding an absorbent material does not remove a physical, health, or environmental hazard. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue with water. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 and Section 13 for more information

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not use in a confined area with minimal air exchange. Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid contact with oxidising agents (eg. chlorine, chromic acid etc.) Use personal protective

equipment (eg. gloves, respirators...) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Protect from sunlight. Store away from heat. Store away from acids. Store away from oxidising agents.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See information in Section 7.1 and 7.2 for handling and storage recommendations. See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient CAS Nbr Agency Limit type Additional comments

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 UK HSC TWA(Inhalable):10

mg/m3;TWA(respirable):4

mg/m³

UK HSC: UK Health and Safety Commission

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

Biological limit values

No biological limit values exist for any of the components listed in Section 3 of this safety data sheet.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

None required.

Skin/hand protection

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing. Note: Nitrile gloves may be worn over polymer laminate gloves to improve dexterity. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended:

MaterialThickness (mm)Breakthrough TimePolymer laminateNo data availableNo data available

Applicable Norms/Standards
Use gloves tested to EN 374

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part

of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapours and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

Applicable Norms/Standards

Use a respirator conforming to EN 140 or EN 136: filter types A & P

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid.

Appearance/Odour Banana Fragrance; Light yellow

Odour threshold *No data available.*

pH 7.5 - 8.5 Boiling point/boiling range 198.9 °C

Melting pointNo data available.Flammability (solid, gas)Not applicable.Explosive propertiesNot classifiedOxidising propertiesNot classified

Flash point 93.3 °C [Test Method:Closed Cup]

Autoignition temperatureNo data available.Flammable Limits(LEL)No data available.Flammable Limits(UEL)No data available.Vapour pressureNo data available.

Relative density 0.98 [*Ref Std*: WATER=1]

Water solubility Moderate

Solubility- non-waterNo data available.Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available.Evaporation rateNo data available.Vapour densityNo data available.Decomposition temperatureNo data available.Viscosity25,000 - 37,000 mPa-s

Density 0.98 g/ml

9.2. Other information

EU Volatile Organic Compounds

No data available.

No data available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

This material may be reactive with certain agents under certain conditions - see the remaining headings in this section

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids.

Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

None known.

Condition

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 11 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation

Respiratory tract irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain. May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin contact

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localised redness, swelling, itching, and dryness.

Eye contact

Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion

Gastrointestinal irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Additional Health Effects:

Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

Toxicological Data

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Acute Toxicity			
Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Dermal		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Overall product	Inhalation- Vapour(4 hr)		No data available; calculated ATE >50 mg/l
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,160 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation- Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 3 mg/l

	(4 hours)		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Kaolin, calcined	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Inhalation-		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
	Vapour		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation- Vapour		LC50 estimated to be 20 - 50 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 3,000 mg/kg
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 19,400 mg/kg
Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 17,000 mg/kg
Carnauba Wax	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Carnauba Wax	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 8,800 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 87 mg/kg
methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	ļ		
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 0.33 mg/l
methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)	<u> </u>	
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 40 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Rabbit	Irritant
Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carnauba Wax	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-	Rabbit	Corrosive
isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)		

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Carnauba Wax	Professio	No significant irritation
	nal	
	judgemen	
	t	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Rabbit	Mild irritant
Titanium dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-	Rabbit	Corrosive
isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)		

Skin Sensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Guinea	Not classified
	pig	
Titanium dioxide	Human	Not classified
	and	
	animal	
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-	Human	Sensitising
isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	and	
	animal	

Photosensitisation

Name	Species	Value
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-	Human	Not sensitising
isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	and	
	animal	

Respiratory Sensitisation

For the component/components, either no data is currently available or the data is not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value		
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		
White mineral oil (petroleum)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Titanium dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic		
Titanium dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	In vivo	Not mutagenic		
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not	Not	Not carcinogenic
	specified.	available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Dermal	Mouse	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
		and	sufficient for classification
		animal	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Titanium dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic.

Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-	Dermal	Mouse	Not carcinogenic
methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)			
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-	Ingestion	Rat	Not carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for female reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	1 generation
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for male reproduction	Not available	NOAEL NA	28 days
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Not specified.	Not classified for development	Not available	NOAEL NA	during gestation
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 2.4 mg/l	during organogenesis
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	13 weeks
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 4,350 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 10 mg/kg/day	2 generation
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 15 mg/kg/day	during organogenesis

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		NOAEL Not available	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 6.5 mg/l	4 hours
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Ingestion	central nervous system depression	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	Professio nal judgeme nt	NOAEL Not available	
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for	similar health	NOAEL Not available	

one and 2-methyl-4-	classification	hazards	
isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)			

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test result	Exposure Duration
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	nervous system	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 4.6 mg/l	6 months
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	LOAEL 1.9 mg/l	13 weeks
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 0.6 mg/l	90 days
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair blood liver muscles	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 5.6 mg/l	12 weeks
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Inhalation	heart	Not classified	Multiple animal species	NOAEL 1.3 mg/l	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	hematopoietic system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,381 mg/kg/day	90 days
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Ingestion	liver immune system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,336 mg/kg/day	90 days
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.01 mg/l	2 years
Titanium dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Aspiration hazard
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	Aspiration hazard
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Aspiration hazard
White mineral oil (petroleum)	Aspiration hazard

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

The information below may not agree with the EU material classification in Section 2 and/or the ingredient classifications in Section 3 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, statements and data presented in Section 12 are based on UN GHS calculation rules and classifications derived from 3M assessments.

12.1. Toxicity

No product test data available.

Material	CAS#	Organism	Туре	Exposure	Test endpoint	Test result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	1 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	2 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level 50%	1.4 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect Level	1 mg/l

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	No obs Effect Level	0.48 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	Effect Level 50%	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Rainbow trout	Estimated	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level 50%	>1,000 mg/l
Hydrocarbons, C11- C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect Level	1,000 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	EC50	2,500 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Zebra Fish	Estimated	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	Effect Concentration 10%	41 mg/l
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Rainbow trout	Estimated	30 days	NOEC	>100 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Fathead minnow	Estimated	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	8.2 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	Effect Level 50%	3.1 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level 50%	4.5 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Green Algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect Level	0.5 mg/l
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	No obs Effect Level	2.6 mg/l
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
Siloxanes and silicones, di-Me	63148-62-9		Data not available or insufficient for classification			
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	48 hours	Effect Level 50%	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Bluegill	Experimental	96 hours	Lethal Level 50%	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Green algae	Estimated	72 hours	No obs Effect Level	>100 mg/l
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Water flea	Estimated	21 days	No obs Effect Level	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	>10,000 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Fathead minnow	Experimental	96 hours	LC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	>100 mg/l
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	5,600 mg/l
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4-	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	EC50	0.021 mg/l
isothiazolin-3-one (3:1) Reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one and 2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	Water flea	Experimental	48 hours	EC50	0.18 mg/l
Reaction mass of: 5- chloro-2-methyl-4-	55965-84-9	Diatom	Experimental	72 hours	NOEC	0.01 mg/l

isothiazolin-3-one and			
2-methyl-4-			
isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)			

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Material	CAS Nbr	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	31.3 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301F - Manometric respirometry
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	BOD	10 % BOD/ThBOD	OECD 301D - Closed bottle test
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9	Estimated Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	96 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Siloxanes and silicones, di- Me	63148-62-9	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Experimental Biodegradation	28 days	CO2 evolution	0 % weight	OECD 301B - Modified sturm or CO2
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one and 2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	Data not availbl- insufficient			N/A	

12.3 : Bioaccumulative potential

Material	Cas No.	Test type	Duration	Study Type	Test result	Protocol
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	920-901-0	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Kaolin, calcined	92704-41-1	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carnauba Wax	8015-86-9	Estimated Bioconcentration		Bioaccumulation factor	7.4	Estimated: Bioconcentration factor
Siloxanes and silicones, di- Me	63148-62-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
White mineral oil (petroleum)	8042-47-5	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Experimental BCF- Carp	42 days	Bioaccumulation factor	9.6	Other methods
Reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3- one and 2-methyl-4- isothiazolin-3-one (3:1)	55965-84-9	Data not available or insufficient for classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

12.4. Mobility in soil

Please contact manufacturer for more details

12.5. Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

This material does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB

12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

The coding of a waste stream is based on the application of the product by the consumer. Since this is out of the control of the manufacturer, no waste code(s) for products after use will be provided. Please refer to the European Waste Code (EWC - 2000/532/CE and amendments) to assign the correct waste code to your waste stream. Ensure national and/or regional regulations are complied with and always use a licensed waste contractor

EU waste code (product as sold)

20 01 13* Solvents

SECTION 14: Transportation information

ADR/IMDG/IATA: Not restricted for transport.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Carcinogenicity

<u>Ingredient</u>	CAS Nbr	<u>Classification</u>	Regulation
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human	International Agency
		carc.	for Research on Cancer

Global inventory status

Contact manufacturer for more information The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

15.2. Chemical Safety Assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for this substance/mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

SECTION 16: Other information

List of relevant H statements

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Revision information:

CLP: Ingredient table information was deleted.

Label: CLP Classification information was modified.

Label: CLP Percent Unknown information was deleted.

Label: CLP Precautionary - Prevention information was deleted.

Label: CLP Target Organ Hazard Statement information was deleted.

Label: Graphic information was modified.

List of sensitizers information was modified.

Section 3: Composition/Information of ingredients table information was modified.

Section 4: First aid for eye contact information information was modified.

Section 4: First aid for skin contact information information was modified.

Section 5: Fire - Advice for fire fighters information information was modified.

Section 7: Precautions safe handling information information was modified.

Section 8: Occupational exposure limit table information was modified.

Section 11: Acute Toxicity table information was modified.

Section 11: Aspiration Hazard Table information was modified.

Section 11: Cancer Hazards information information was added.

Section 11: Carcinogenicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Germ Cell Mutagenicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Health Effects - Inhalation information information was modified.

Section 11: Health Effects - Skin information information was modified.

Photosensitisation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects text information was deleted.

Section 11: Reproductive Toxicity Table information was modified.

Section 11: Serious Eye Damage/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Corrosion/Irritation Table information was modified.

Section 11: Skin Sensitization Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Repeated Table information was modified.

Section 11: Target Organs - Single Table information was modified.

Section 12: Component ecotoxicity information information was modified.

Section 12: No PBT/vPvB information available warning information was modified.

Section 12: Persistence and Degradability information information was modified.

Section 12:Bioccumulative potential information information was modified.

Section 13: 13.1. Waste disposal note information was modified.

Section 15: Carcinogenicity information information was added.

Section 15: Chemical Safety Assessment information was modified.

Section 15: Label remarks and EU Detergent information was deleted.

Two-column table displaying the unique list of H Codes and statements (std phrases) for all components of the given material. information was modified.

Section 16: Web address information was modified.

DISCLAIMER: The information on this Safety Data Sheet is based on our experience and is correct to the best of our knowledge at the date of publication, but we do not accept any liability for any loss, damage or injury resulting from its use (except as required by law). The information may not be valid for any use not referred to in this Data Sheet or use of the product in combination with other materials. For these reasons, it is important that customers carry out their own test to

A22, Deep Crystal® System Carnauba Wax (26-65B): A2216	
satisfy themselves as to the suitability of the product for their own intended applications.	
Meguiar's, Inc. United Kingdom SDSs are available at www.meguiars.co.uk	

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